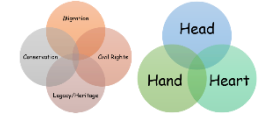











Year 2 – Summer – History – Pupil Knowledge Organiser



What do I already know?		What am I learning now?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A monarch is a king or queen that rules a country. Our current monarch is Charles III. Significant means something is very important or special. A source is something that can help us learn about the past. Historians are people that study the past. 		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> What was London like in the 17th century? Where, when and how did the Great Fire of London start? Why did the fire spread so rapidly? How did people attempt to put out the fire? What can we learn from Samuel Pepys? How did the fire change London? 	
Significant People	Key Knowledge	Key Vocabulary	
<p>Thomas Farriner:</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Owner of the bakery on Pudding Lane where the fire started. 	 <p>In the 17th Century, people lived in wooden houses with thatched roofs.</p>	<p>17th century</p> <p>thatch</p> <p>narrow</p> <p>crowded</p> <p>ignite</p> <p>firebreak</p> <p>fire hook</p> <p>diarist</p> <p>primary source</p> <p>regulations</p> <p>extinguish</p> <p>legacy</p>	<p>The one hundred between the years 1601 and 1700.</p> <p>Straw, or other dried plant used for a roof.</p> <p>Not wide/thin.</p> <p>Very full, or too full, of things or people.</p> <p>To set on fire or cause burning.</p> <p>A gap or space made to stop a fire spreading.</p> <p>A long tool used to pull down buildings.</p> <p>A person who writes a diary or journal.</p> <p>Something from a time period that helps us learn about history.</p> <p>Rule or laws that control people's actions.</p> <p>To put out or stop the burning of something.</p> <p>Something that is left behind or remembered after an event.</p>
<p>Sir Thomas Bloodworth:</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Was the Lord Mayor of London at the time of the fire. Did not act quickly at the start of the fire. 	<p>Streets were narrow and overcrowded with lots of houses built very close to each other.</p>  <p>As there was no fire brigade, people used buckets of water and fire hooks to stop the fire.</p>		
<p>Charles II:</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monarch at the time of the Great Fire of London. Helped organise firefighting and ordered houses to be pulled down. 	 <p>The great fire of London started on September 2nd, 1666.</p> <p>The fire was extinguished on 6th September 1666.</p>		
<p>Samuel Pepys:</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> His diary is a primary source. We know what people did, saw, and feared because of his writing. 	<p>It was easy for the fire to move from one building to the next because they were so close together.</p> <p>New regulations were put in place to stop fires spreading.</p> <p>Houses now must be made of brick and stone.</p>		